

# IFOAM EU position on poultry production

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- IFOAM EU a short introduction
- EU Review of poultry standards timetable?
- IFOAM EU Position paper on poultry and rearing May 2012

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#### **IFOAM EU – a short introduction**

- Independent regional group within the International Federation of Organic Agriculture Movements
- Office in Brussels since 2003
- 300 members in EU-27, Accession countries and EFTA



#### **EU Review of poultry standards – timetable?**

- Should be underway now.
- Expert Group (EGTOP) reported June
  2012 proposals usually follow quickly
- However Commission now heavily involved in reacting to Court of Auditors Report and with a wider review of organic legislation



## Background –

- acknowledges that current rules are 'insufficiently developed'
- Calls for an approach based on 'progressive steps' supported by 'targeted and practical research'



General principles –

- `integrated with crop and pasture management at the farm level'
- `access to free range throughout the breeding, rearing and production stages (weather conditions and health situation permitting)'
- 'housing & range is geared to optimising health and welfare which thus determines limits on housing & flock size, stocking densities & rotation and enrichment of pasture...'



Pullets and day olds-

- Full use of organic pullets and day olds within 5 years of new rules
- National plans to be produced to underpin progress
- Research to support development of dual purpose breeds – prefer not to kill male chicks.
- Calls for rigorous enforcement of current 'organic must be used when available' criteria



Breed and strains-

- `..slow growing and suitable strain the following criteria must be assessed:
  - $\Box$  Daily growth
  - 🗆 Gait
  - $\Box$  Prevalence of breast blisters
- `..evaluate strains against the above...on EU-level .. evaluation system must be ready one year after this proposal has entered into force & the list must have been initiated ...within 2 years after the system is in place'.



Stocking density-

 For meat birds in first 4 weeks – remove the 10 bird/m<sup>2</sup>restriction & allow 21kg/m<sup>2</sup>

Popholes -

 Link to 'useable area' to guarantee that 'multilevel systems' have sufficient popholes – some inconsistency in current application based on considering only floor or ground level area.



Access to pasture-

- Acknowledge that 1/3 of life provision is weak and leads to inconsistent implementation
- Recommend strengthening to refer to physical condition of birds and require documentation of weather and other conditions that might prevent allowing access to range



Access to pasture Parent flocks-

• Recommend that a veranda might be acceptable if biosecurity concerns cannot be addressed.

All other flocks

• At least 50% of the required area must be covered with vegetation.



Access to pasture

All other flocks (continued)

- Birds should have access to shelter within 20 meters anywhere in the outdoor area
- The distance from the pop-holes to the far end of the outdoor area should not exceed 150 meters
- `with static houses, shelter should be natural vegetation consisting of woody plants.. artificial coverage should be provided until the trees and bushes have reached a size that provides shelter'



Laying pullets-

- Flock size up to 10,000
- Minimum indoor area
  - from week 0-7: 24 animals/m2 usable area.
  - from week 8–18: 12 animals/m2 usable area.
- Minimum length of perches
  - week 0–7: 4 cm per animal.
  - week 7–18: 12 cm per animal.
- Access to pasture fully feathered and no later than 10 weeks



### End